





To-day's  
Advertisements.THEATRE ROYAL  
CITY HALL  
FOR 11 NIGHTS ONLY!THE NEW  
WILLARD OPERA COMPANY.

Director:—Mr. CLIFFORD WILLARD.

TO-NIGHT  
(TUESDAY), JUNE 18TH.  
THE GREAT MODERN BURLESQUE  
"I, N. T. O. W. N."Introducing  
"THE CAN-CAN DANCERS,"  
"THE ROWDY DOWDY CREW,"  
"THE CALL OF THE BELL,"  
"MILORD SIR SMITH," "JEANETTE,"  
and all the up-to-date Songs and Dances.TO-MORROW  
(WEDNESDAY), JUNE 19TH.  
VON SUPPE'S COMIC OPERA  
"B. O. C. C. C. O. O."Operated as follows:  
"Little Christopher Columbus," "Paul Jones,"  
"Don Juan," "Ruy Blas," "Go Bang,"  
"The Chinaman," "Moultinbank,"  
"The Lady Slave," "His Excellency,"  
&c., &c., &c.Orchestra under the direction of  
Mr. G. TRIMWELL.Stage Manager:—Mr. F. FLETCHER.  
Scene Artist:—Mr. SYMPKE.  
Lime Light Artist:—Mr. WARRINGTON.PRICES OF ADMISSION:—\$1, \$2, and \$3.  
Soldiers and Sailors in Uniform Half-price to  
and Back Seats.PLAN at Messrs. KELLY & WALSH'S, LL.  
Doors Open at 8.40. Commencing at usual time.  
Hongkong, 18th June, 1895. [756]

VICTORIA LODGE

OF HONGKONG, No. 1026.

AN EMERGENCY MEETING of the above  
LODGE will be held in the FREEMASONS'  
HALL, Zealand Street, on SATURDAY,  
the 22nd instant, at 8.30 p.m. precisely.  
Visiting Brethren are cordially invited.  
Hongkong, 18th June, 1895. [805]

OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

FOR LONDON, VIA SUEZ CANAL.

THE Company's Steamship

"ULYSSES,"  
Captain Lapare, will be despatched as above  
TO-MORROW, the 19th instant, at Noon.  
For Freight or Passage, apply to  
BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,  
Agents.  
Hongkong, 18th June, 1895. [765]

OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

FOR LONDON, VIA SUEZ CANAL.

THE Company's Steamship

"POLYPHEMUS,"  
Captain Gardner, will be despatched as above  
on TUESDAY, the 25th instant.  
For Freight or Passage, apply to  
BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,  
Agents.  
Hongkong, 18th June 1895. [766]

FOR CHEFOO AND TIENTSIN.

THE Steamship

"TEIEN,"  
Captain T. Lehmann, will be despatched for the  
above Ports on TUESDAY, the 25th instant, at  
5 P.M.  
For Freight or Passage, apply to  
CARLOWITZ & Co.,  
Agents.  
Hongkong, 18th June, 1895. [799]

"MOGUL" LINE OF STEAMERS.

FOR SHANGHAI, KOBE AND YOKOHAMA.

THE Steamship

"ARGVILL,"  
Captain Ward, will be despatched as above on  
about TUESDAY, the 25th instant.  
For Freight or Passage, apply to  
DODWELL, CARLILL & Co.,  
Agents.  
Hongkong, 18th June, 1895. [800]

"MOGUL" LINE OF STEAMERS.

FOR SHANGHAI, KOBE AND YOKOHAMA.

THE Steamship

"PATHAN,"  
Captain Wright, will be despatched as above on  
about WEDNESDAY, the 26th instant.  
For Freight or Passage, apply to  
DODWELL, CARLILL & Co.,  
Agents.  
Hongkong, 18th June, 1895. [807]

"SHIRE" LINE OF STEAMERS.

FOR NAGASAKI, KOBE AND YOKOHAMA.

THE Steamship

"RADNORSHIRE,"  
Captain F. Davies, will be despatched as above  
on about WEDNESDAY, the 26th instant.  
For Freight or Passage, apply to  
DODWELL, CARLILL & Co.,  
Agents.  
Hongkong, 18th June, 1895. [801]THE CHINA MUTUAL STEAM NAVI-  
GATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

FOR LONDON, VIA PORTS OF CALL.

THE Company's Steamship

"KAISOW,"  
Geo. W. Long, Commander, will be despatched  
as above on about the 19th July.  
For Freight, &c., apply to  
HOLLIDAY, WISE & Co.,  
Agents.  
Hongkong, 18th June, 1895. [808]

SPECIAL NOTICE.

THE "HONGKONG TELEGRAPH" will  
be on sale at the Hongkong and Victoria  
Hotels, opposite the Hongkong Club, and at  
Parker's Ward, EVERY EVENING from 5.30 to  
7.30 o'clock.

PRICE ..... TEN CENTS.

Copies ordered from the Office will be charged  
the usual rate—25 cents.Advertisements are received at the Hongkong  
Telegraph by far the largest circulation of  
any English newspaper published in the Far  
East. THIS IS GUARANTEED. Terms on  
application.

Hongkong, 14th October, 1895.

To-day's  
Advertisements.

TENDERS INVITED.

TENDERS are invited for the Purchase and  
Removal of the COOKHOUSE refuse  
from the Barracks occupied by the 1st BATTALION  
RIFLE BRIGADE from the 1st of next  
month.Tenders, stating the amount of purchase  
money per month, to be forwarded to the  
QUARTER MASTER, MURRAY BARRACKS, by  
10 A.M. on WEDNESDAY, 26th inst.Particulars on application.  
Hongkong, 18th June, 1895. [802]

NOTICE.

A SPECIAL SESSIONS OF HER  
MAJESTY'S JUSTICES OF THE PEACE  
will be held in the JUSTICES' ROOM, at the  
MAGISTRACY, at Eleven o'clock in the Forenoon  
of TUESDAY, the 25th day of June, A.D.  
1895, for the purpose of considering an applica-  
tion for the Transfer of the 1st of THE  
STAG HOTEL, situate at Houses Nos. 143 and  
150, Queen's Road Central, from the original  
holder ALFRED BONAPARTE CONSTANCE  
DEMEZ to his nominee HALE CRAWFORD  
SHERMAN.P. E. WODEHOUSE,  
Police Magistrate.Magistracy,  
Hongkong, 12th June, 1895. [803]

Intimations.

DAKIN, CRICKSHANK &  
COMPANY, LIMITED,  
VICTORIA DISPENSARY,  
HONGKONG.

AERATED WATERS.

SIMPLE AERATED WATER.

SODA WATER.

LEMONADE.

GINGER ALE.

SARSAPARILLA.

RASPBERRYADE, &amp;c.

DAKIN, CRICKSHANK & Co.'s WATERS are  
made under the constant supervision of a duly  
qualified English Chemist and will bear com-  
parison with the best English Manufactures.Special terms to HOTELS, CLUBS, MESSES and  
other Large Consumers.Any complaints should be addressed to the  
Manager.

Hongkong, 3rd May, 1895. [804]

A. S. WATSON & CO.,  
LIMITED.

CHEMISTS BY APPOINTMENT.

ESTABLISHED A.D. 1841.

MANUFACTURERS OF  
AERATED WATERS.OUR AERATED WATER FACTORY  
is fitted with the best English Machinery,  
embodying the latest improvements in the  
trade.The purest ingredients only are used, and the  
strictest care and cleanliness exercised in the  
manufacture throughout.The water used is proved by repeated analyses  
to be absolutely pure.For COAST PORTS, Waters are packed and  
placed on board ship at Hongkong prices, and  
the full amount allowed for Packages and  
Empties when received in good order.Counterfeit Order Books supplied on applica-  
tion.Our Registered Telegraphic Address is  
"DISPENSARY, HONGKONG." And all  
signed messages addressed thus will receive  
prompt attention.The following is a List of Waters always kept  
ready in Stock:—

PURE AERATED WATER

SODA WATER

LEMONADE

POTASH WATER

SALTZ WATER

LITHIA WATER

SARSAPARILLA WATER

TONIC WATER

GINGER ALE

GINGERADE

No Credit given for Bottles that look dirty or  
greasy, or that appear to have been used  
for any other purpose than that of contain-  
ing Aerated Waters, as such Bottles are  
never used again by us.A. S. WATSON & CO., LD.  
THE HONGKONG DISPENSARY,  
Hongkong, 1st June, 1895. [805]

TO SUBSCRIBERS.

SUBSCRIBERS TO "THE HONGKONG  
TELEGRAPH" ARE MOST RESPONSIBLY  
REMNDED THAT ALL SUBSCRIPTIONS  
MUST BE PAID IN ADVANCE.

BIRTH.

On 15th inst., at 83, Quai de France, Shanghai,  
Mr. GEORGE MONTAGU, of a son.

## The Hongkong Telegraph

HONGKONG, TUESDAY, JUNE 18, 1895.

## WATERLOO DAY.

To-day is the anniversary of the Battle of  
Waterloo. It was a great victory and  
decisive for the time being, of the fate of  
France and of Europe. Had it terminated  
otherwise than it did, it would, in all  
human probability, have restored the  
Great Emperor to his throne and France  
to her supremacy in Europe for many  
years. Ending as it did in the total  
destruction of the French army, it sent  
Napoleon to die in SAINT HELENA and  
reduced France for over thirty years to  
a secondary place in the Councils of  
Europe, till another Napoleon came to  
raise her again to great eminence only  
to cast her once more into the furnace  
of civil strife. It was a glorious  
termination for the English Army and  
its heroic commander of fifteen years of  
almost incessant fighting, but it was not  
the great victory for the British arms that  
we have so long fondly believed it to be.  
In Wolsley's "Decline and Fall of  
Napoleon," this competent critic says:—  
"No one can be better aware, no one  
can be prouder than I am, of the magni-  
ficent courage and steadiness of the British  
soldier at Waterloo; but when every  
allowance is made for it, the honest  
historian must admit that it was the  
splendid audacity of this Prussian move  
upon ST. LAMBERT and the French right,  
due to the personal loyalty of Prince  
Blucher to Wellington, that  
determined the fate of Napoleon's army  
at Waterloo."Let us drink, then, to our Prussian Allies  
and to the memory of old Föhrwars when  
we recall to-night the glories of that day  
and when we wonder within ourselves our  
French friends are or are not hankering  
after an opportunity to reverse the decrees  
of fate and try their fortunes again against  
the victors of Agincourt, Cressy, Poliers,  
and Waterloo.

CROWN COLONY GOVERNMENT.

UNTIL Sir GEORGE BOWEN interfered, the  
Executive Council of this Colony consisted  
of the Major-General Commanding, the  
Colonial Secretary and the Attorney  
General, and none of the Heads of Depart-  
ments were members of it. During the  
Governorship of that worthy Knight Grand  
Cross of St. Michael and St. George, the  
constitution of the Council was radically  
changed, and changed very much for the  
worse. The heads of the principal depart-  
ments of the Government were intro-  
duced into it and it was arranged that  
it should meet weekly. The only reason  
given for making the heads of departments  
members was to save time and useless  
correspondence as, if they were not  
present, matters coming before the Council  
would have to be referred to them for their  
opinion and report and the papers cir-  
culated to the members, while if they were  
present all needful information could be  
obtained from them *vis à vis* and assimilated  
and considered at the same meeting. Sir  
GEORGE BOWEN forgot, apparently, that  
the same result could have been obtained  
by requiring their personal attendance at  
the Council meeting whenever any  
business specially affecting their several  
departments was before the meeting and  
that there was no real necessity for  
constituting them members solely for the  
purpose of avoiding of useless correspon-  
dence.In his "Recollections" Sir GEORGE BOWEN  
prides himself upon the alteration thus  
effected in the constitution of the Executive  
Council of Hongkong and takes credit for  
it as a vast improvement. It was, however,  
anything but an improvement and to it must  
be attributed many of the evils from which  
we are now suffering in matters govern-  
mental in Hongkong. The "mission" into  
the Executive Council of the Heads of  
Departments and the institution of weekly  
meetings lowered the whole tone and  
temper of government in Hongkong and  
converted it from an autocracy into a  
bureaucracy of the very worst kind.  
Formerly we were under the Governor or  
the Colonial Secretary as the one or  
the other was the stronger man; now  
we are ruled by the constantly changing  
opinions and views of a body of half  
trained civil servants, each of whom has  
his own particular axe to grind and who  
is willing to assist his fellows to sharpen  
theirs if they will only give the grind-  
stone a turn or two when he is in need,  
and who are themselves in sufficient  
number to outvote the older and more  
responsible members.Each head of a department is interested  
in and responsible for the work of his own  
branch of the public service. He naturally  
thinks it the most important and his  
requirements the more pressing. He is  
in respect of that department and its  
working immediately in contact with the  
public and he is personally responsible to  
the Governor for its successful working. If  
things go wrong either within the depart-  
ment or between the department and the  
public, he, the Head, is liable to be called  
to account for it. When any causes of  
complaint arise against the Govern-  
ment of the Colony, they are complaints  
connected with the working of one or  
other of the departments. All matters of  
this sort come before the Executive and  
the Executive Council consists, in the main,  
of heads of departments; all cadets, all  
ex-officio, leagued against the public. How  
can contested departmental questions be  
settled when the heads of the departments  
concerned are themselves members of the  
body to which the settlement is referred?  
Formerly the Governor seldom saw the  
Executive Council; it was only called  
together at long intervals when its presence  
was absolutely required, when an officer  
had to answer for some misconduct orwhen some act had to be done by the  
Governor-in-Council. When it was  
assembled the Governor had for his  
advisers at hand: his Colonial Secretary,  
a man of experience in other colonies and  
who had worked up through all the  
departments and was familiar with their  
duties and with the routine of it; the General  
Officer Commanding; a man, as a rule,  
of mature age and extensive experience,  
and a practising Attorney General—his  
Constitutional legal adviser and largely  
independent. None of these gentlemen  
were likely to have any special feeling of  
brotherhood with an offending head of a  
department. They had risen above his  
sphere, and the Colonial Secretary and  
the Attorney-General might any day be  
called on to take on themselves the actual  
responsibilities of government. A Governor  
then had a fair chance of hearing indepen-  
dent opinions and getting experienced  
advice. It was not then a mere question  
of votes on this side or votes on the other.  
But now!

(Special to Hongkong Telegraph.)

## TELEGRAM.

THE ANTI-FOREIGN OUT-  
RAGES IN SZECHUEN.ANOTHER BRITISH MISSION  
WRECKED.BISHOP DURAND LINGERING IN A  
CHINESE DUNGEON.

## THE "FIREBRAND" AT CHANG.

SHANGHAI, June 18th.  
11.30 a.m.The anti-foreign riots which broke out  
at Chengtu, in the province of Szechuen,  
a few days ago are spreading rapidly  
throughout the province.Last night the rioters reached the city of  
Pauning-fu and being joined there by  
the rowdy element of the town attacked  
the premises of the China Inland Mission  
which were soon completely wrecked.  
The foreign members of the Mission  
escaped by boat and are probably making  
the best of their way to Chungking.A telegram despatched from Chungking  
yesterday states that Bishop Durand and  
Monsieur Charagon have been imprison-  
ed by the Chinese officials of Pauning-fu.H.M.S. *Firebrand* has left Hankow for  
Iohang and is to act under the orders of  
the British Consul stationed at Iohang.Her Majesty's ship *Porpoise*, the U.S.S.  
*Porpoise* and the French gunboats *Comité*  
and *Inconstant* are up the Yangtze and  
should reach Hankow to-day or to-morrow  
forenoon.The city of Pauning is situated on the Kiating River,  
a tributary of the Yangtze. It is 15 miles north-east of Chengtu  
and about 50 miles north-west, as the crow flies, of Chungking.

## REUTERS'S TELEGRAMS.

## THE CHITRAL.

LONDON, June 17th.  
The Times urges the retention of a British  
Agent at Chitral, which the Hon. G. N. Curzon  
supports.

## GREAT BRITAIN AND JOHORE.

The Minister in attendance on the late Sultan  
of Johore has been informed by the Government  
that they intend to treat Johore in accordance  
with the treaty regulating the relations between  
the two countries.

## BYE ELECTION.

Mr. Ballie, the Unionist Candidate, has been  
elected for Invernesshire.

## RUSSIA AND FRANCE.

The Czar of Russia has conferred the Order  
of St. Andrew on President Faure, and written  
him an autograph letter.

## THE ARMENIAN REFORMS.

It is stated that the Porte has handed the  
Embassies a fresh reply to the Joint Note of the  
Powers, according the principle of the control  
of the Great Powers in the question of Armenian  
reforms and proposing that such reforms extend  
over three years.

## RUSSIA AND CHINA.

It is affirmed in St. Petersburg that the aim  
of Russia in guaranteeing the Chinese loan was  
to secure means to interfere in the affairs of  
China and that the question of the passage of  
the Siberian Railway through Manchuria was  
not raised.

## LOCAL AND GENERAL.

Inspector A. Mann leaves for London on  
Thursday the 20th inst. by the P. and O. liner  
*Ravenna*.The Hongkong Public Library is to be opened  
on the 1st proximo. Already 2,000 volumes  
have been procured by Dr. Cantile and his  
coadjutors and the scheme seems to justify the  
confident predictions of the promoters.At the Magistracy, this morning, before Mr.  
Wodehouse, Inspector Stanton, Examiner of  
Weights and Measures, charged the masters of  
tall No. 4, 8, 25 and 33, New Central Market,  
with having fraudulent scales. Fines aggregat-  
ing \$75 were imposed.Religious reports from the Yangtze, as far as  
Hankow, state that there does not appear to be  
the slightest likelihood of any rising at Kiating  
beyond what may arise at any moment out of  
the Kiating affair, which, according to the *China*  
*Gazette*, will have many days require serious  
attention.At the Supreme Court, yesterday afternoon,  
Mr. T. Sercombe Smith, Acting Police Judge,  
sitting in Summary Jurisdiction, gave judgment  
for the plaintiff in the case of *Vanwick v. Bos*  
for the sum of \$420 being the price of a marine  
bottle sold by plaintiff to defendant. Mr.  
Hastings appeared for the plaintiff, and Mr.  
Godge for the defendant.At the Criminal Sessions this morning the  
Acting Attorney-General, in the course of an  
alleged bribery case, called attention to the  
irregular manner in which some evidence had  
been taken—old forms, drawn up under  
the provisions of an obsolete Ordinance, having  
been used for the purpose of reasons which  
were not clear to the speaker.THE P. & O. TIMES hints at the existence of a  
Continental combination against Great Britain  
in the Far East, and prophesies that "she will  
have to face a gigantic competition in Reform  
enterprises conducted on lines of diplomatic  
preference."In its issue of the 8th inst. the *Peking and*  
*Tientsin Times* rebukes the "masterly inacti-  
vity" of the English government, pointing out  
that what France, Germany, and Russia are  
struggling for is not the present foreign trade of  
China but the possible vast future trade.Mr. W. KITTE, until lately Engineer of the  
Shanghai Fire Department, who has resigned  
his position after 24 years' continuous service in  
the Brigade, and who is going home on a well-  
earned holiday, was presented with a very  
handsome piece of plate on the 12th inst. by the  
members of the Brigade, as a token of the  
respect and esteem in which he is held by them.We may mention that it is a mistake to anticipate,  
as the public apparently anticipates, that the  
duty of conducting negotiations with regard to  
the restoration of the Liaotung Peninsula has  
been entrusted to Mr. Hayashi, and that Peking  
is to be the place of conference. The negotiations  
will, according to the *Yokohama Mail*, be held in  
Tokyo, and their commencement will be deferred  
until the arrival of a Chinese Representative.  
China appears to be in no hurry to send a  
Minister to Tokyo nor even a nomination has  
yet been made, so far as we can learn.Some persons connected with the Grand  
Secretariat at Peking through whose hands all  
memorials to the Emperor have to pass, have  
recently compiled a book containing the majority  
of the memorials handed in by the metropolitan  
and provincial officials denouncing the recent  
Treaty of Peace with Japan. The edition is  
published anonymously, but the introduction and  
prefaces to the work by the able pens of some  
of the highest literary lights of the country are  
said to form a constellation of satires. This  
work is a breach of confidence on the part of  
the compilers; hence the necessity of secrecy,  
as to the names of the authors.Great excitement prevailed in Queen's Road  
Central this morning, and for a time it looked  
as though there would be a riot. The cause of  
the "rumour" was "Ben" Taylor who, it  
appears, had some domestic trouble and went to  
his house to take away his little child and place  
her where he considered she would be well looked  
after. As soon as he started out with the infant  
a number of Chinese raised the cry of "kidnap!"  
and in very short time the thoroughfare from  
Pottinger Street to the New Victoria Hotel was  
literally packed with Chinese, who followed  
Ben looking and yelling. This so aggravated  
the thoughtless writer that he "let loose" and laid  
out four or five columns in next to no time. Had  
it not been for the timely arrival of a European  
policeman on the scene, some very serious  
trouble would no doubt have resulted. Mr. Taylor  
ultimately reached the French Convent where he  
left his child.According to our latest reports from Tientsin,  
says the *Mercury* of the 16th June, Li Hung-  
sang is to re-occupy the post of Viceroy of  
Chihli and Sheng-Hung-shan has already  
returned to his post as Customs Tatal at  
Tientsin. This can have but one meaning. The  
old policy of shift and intrigue is to return once  
more to its old grooves, and all the lessons of  
the past year are to be forgotten, and passed  
by as if they had never been given. It is difficult  
to understand the frame of mind that leads up to  
this condition, and did we not know how deficient  
they are the power of reasoning even with over-  
acute faculties of perception we could not believe  
it true. We must, however, accept it as a  
physiological fact and it becomes our square  
our policy accordingly. We can no longer  
permit China to run on its own, and her own  
interests to jog along in the old ruts. If we do we  
are only inciting a return of the catastrophe of the  
past year. Japan has smelt blood, and it will  
be as easy for her to renew the quarrel as it was  
to pick one in the first instance. China, says the  
*Mercury*, certainly cannot survive another attack  
such as she has gone through.The returns of the number of visitors to the City  
Hall Museum for the week ended June 16th,  
are—Europeans, 133; Chinese, 7,794; total  
7,927.An emergency meeting of Victoria Lodge, No.  
1026, will be held in Freemasons' Hall, Zealand  
Street, on Saturday, the 22nd instant, at 8.30 for  
p.m. precisely. Visiting brethren are cordially  
invited.At the Criminal Sessions this morning Eugene  
W. McKenna, a seaman of the Nova Scotia  
brigade *Essex*, was indicted for  
manslaughter, under circumstances already fully  
explained in these columns. He pleaded guilty  
and was sentenced to two years' imprisonment  
with hard labour.

## PLAQUE NOTES.

We regret having to report five deaths in the  
Kennedy-town plague district since noon yester-  
day.One fresh case was discovered to-day in  
No. 10 Weng Lane.The latest official returns are as follows:—  
From 14th June until 5 p.m. to-day:  
No. of cases reported ..... 8  
No. of deaths ..... 1  
No. of cases under treatment ..... 4  
This does not include the case in which the  
cause of death had not been diagnosed when  
reported at the office of the Sanitary Board.We make the returns from the outbreak (28th  
April) up to date as follows:—Hospital ship *Higgins* ..... 0 0 0 0  
Kennedy-town (during  
last 15 hours) ..... 1 5 0 4  
Private houses ..... 0 0 0 0Total ..... 1 5 0 4  
Deaths from the outbreak (28th April) up to  
June 18th, noon, 14; grand total, 14.

## THE KWOLLOON INSTITUTE.

Seamen's Chaplaincy,  
June 18th, 1895.SIR,—Would you kindly insert the enclosed  
acknowledgement in your paper and oblige.  
Yours truly,  
ALFRED LEE.

(Enclosure)

The treasurer of the Kwolloon Institute, begs  
to acknowledge with many thanks the sum of  
\$100 (one hundred and ten dollars) being the  
proceeds of Mr. Brady's entertainment on June  
18th in the Kwolloon Institute, which sum has  
been given to the Building Fund.THE ANTI-FOREIGN OUTBREAK  
IN SZECHUEN.VAST AMOUNT OF FOREIGN PROPERTY DE-  
STROYED AND THE MISSIONARIES DRIVEN  
FROM THEIR HOMES BY HOWLING  
MOHS OF FANATICAL CHINESE.We are indebted to our Shanghai exchanges  
for the following interesting information relative  
to the recent anti-foreign outbreak in the pro-  
vince of Szechuen:—

HANKOW, June 11th.

A telegram has been received here stating  
that the American, English, French and Cana-  
dian Missions at Ch'engtu, Kiating, Yachow,  
Poo-tan and Sin-ku have been wrecked.  
Some of the missionaries are missing. No lives  
lost. The foreigners have left Ch'engtu, Sul-fu  
and Lu-chow are threatened. The telegram  
further says:—"Chungking riot at July examina-  
tion certain. Uge marlo's up."THE OFFICIALS DO ABSOLUTELY NOTHING  
TO CONTROL THE MOBS.A correspondent, writing from Hankow on the  
11th instant, says:—The impression amongst the European  
residents here is that the rioting at Ch'engtu is  
but the beginning of the end, and there is doubt  
but what the authorities are mixed up in the  
riots and have really instigated them.  
Ten riots are widespread and are continuing,  
and further serious troubles may be anticipated,  
and rapine and pillage may lead to bloodshed.  
The places threatened are Chungking and other



the capital of Szechuan it is the residence of the Governor-General, and is filled with civil and military officials of all classes, with soldiers enough to control the province—all of which should have made a riot there impossible. Besides, there was there the additional security that Chengtu is a great commercial centre where the only interest in peace, and where people from all parts of China reside, as well as many outlandish and foreign men from the countries further West. In the absence of all information it is needless to speculate on the causes of this riot, but much may be said: considering the official and commercial character of Chengtu, its hitherto peaceful record, and the freedom of all apprehension on the part of the missionaries, it was the very last place where such a disturbance was to be expected.

It is more to the point to enquire what is the main cause of such outrages, and if they can be by any means prevented. It seems to me that much light is thrown on this question by a careful consideration of some of the facts of previous riots. We have had five very serious ones on the river in recent years, namely, Chungking, Yichang, Ichang, and Sungho, and by this time we should be learning something. Now, one feature which was common to all of them was this: no matter how great was the loss of life and property, or what was the particular government chiefly involved, the Chinese version of the story was always accepted as the truth of the matter, and no independent enquiry was made. Whatever merits the account of a riot as drawn up by the responsible Chinese officials may have, truthfulness is hardly to be looked for as one of them; and granting full liberty to all any story they pleased was hardly the way to make them more careful next time. Further, it was a notorious feature of all the above cases that the really guilty parties were never brought to justice; even when, as in the case of Sungho, the names and proofs of guilt were supplied, nothing was done to them. Those punished were insignificant, innocent, and sometimes friendly natives, while in one case where a whole British settlement was destroyed, namely, Ichang, no one was ever punished at all. And still further, all those cases were settled by the acceptance of a monetary payment, so many dollars for so much damage, and a regular tariff for European heads, with the result that the collection and disbursement of the cash actually became a source of much profit to the very officials under whose auspices the riots occurred. When one considers these things—no questions to be asked, no punishment to be dreaded but an intense hatred to be gratified, and a snug sum of cash to be settled. The wonder is, therefore, not that there should be occasional anti-foreign riots in China, but that they should not be much more serious and numerous. Of course the Chinese Government cannot be held responsible for riots really instigated on the Foreign Powers themselves, who persist in dealing with China in respect to such as if she were a highly civilized Power, while in truth she does not rise much above the level of any painted savage chief. There will be no freedom from riots till the Powers change their policy in dealing with them.

#### WILL THE POWERS MOVE?

A ranking correspondent under date 11th June writes:—

It is greatly to be hoped that all the foreign communities in China may be stirred up to take some action on this case which is one of such extraordinary malevolence and so evidently planned by those in authority as to compel, it would seem, some decided action on the part of those who have charge of Western interests at Peking. It may be felt by some that our experience in the past does not encourage us to expect any help from the Diplomatic Corps, but the situation in China has greatly changed within a few months and China no longer stands in such high regard with European Powers as formerly. The utter rottenness of the Chinese Government is now made manifest and we may hope that a united petition here on Sunday that there was a rebellion in Szechuan. This may be the native version of the trouble at Chengtu, but there is also some reason for thinking that the report is true.

The real effect of the war with Japan is seen in the sale here on the streets of pictures, highly coloured, representing the Japanese in a suppliant attitude at the feet of Li Hsiang-shan! It is the same old game of trying to convert defeat into victory by emphatic lying.

#### THE WILLARD OPERA COMPANY.

##### "THE CAITIE GIRL."

The Willard Opera Company after completing a phenomenally successful season in India, Ceylon and the Straits Settlements, opened a short season at the Theatre Royal, City Hall, last night with "The Caitie Girl," a burlesque which created a huge sensation in London in recent times. The piece abounds in funny situations, pretty dances, clever songs and up-to-date wit. The plot of which talented artists such as Messrs. C. Schubert, A. Lewis, Harry Hall, E. Courtney, Miss E. Mackay, Miss L. Mowbray, Miss M. Howarth and A. Broughton can make lots of capital is a simple one—Charles Goldfield, a wealthy officer of the Guards, has fallen in love with Miss Alma Somerset, "the Caitie Girl," who after considerable hesitation accepts his offer of marriage. Alma is a thoroughly good girl, and only agrees to marry Goldfield, with whom she is in love, after being convinced of the strength of his attachment and the absolute sincerity of his intentions. She has been brought up in the household of a rich and powerful nobleman, and is a lady with a history attempts to break off the match and descends to the rank of conveying her bracelet to Alma's possession, and laying upon her the suspicion of theft. Alma, overcome with shame, withdraws to the Continent, and it is long before her lover succeeds in tracing her and proving her innocence, which he does at last triumphantly. The first part of the play is laid at Winchester, where the Guards are giving an entertainment, and the latter part in the Riviera, where the famous bathing and carnival scenes take place.

Taking the cast as a whole, and the faultless manner in which the leading as well as the minor parts were played, we think Mr. Clifford Willard may be congratulated on his initial performance in the colony. Mr. Harry Hall (*Reverend Montague Dingley*), Mr. Lewis (the very much *paid* Major who looked as though he could do with a good deal of "backing" up by Mr. F. Courtney (the Judge of the London Divorce Court) and Mr. Harvey (the "boss" of a bathing establishment) suited their roles to a T, and were constantly and deservedly applauded for the "go" they put into their work and the constant display of comely ability.

As for the ladies who took leading parts, with one exception they deserve the highest eulogiums. Miss E. Mackay (*Rose Brierly*) as the modest daughter of the naughty narsen (Harry Hall) was all that could possibly be desired. She sang well, looked bewitching and acted, spiritedly, albeit with a discretion which was as praiseworthy as it was unimpeachable. If we may be allowed to find fault with one who has reached such a high standard of proficiency in an arduous profession we would suggest that the dress circle is not the only place where gay and festive admirers of Theophrastus are to be found and that there are to be found a few of her bewitching smiles in the direction of the less favoured occupants of the stalls her graciousness would only be equalled by her matchless beauty and the heart-stirring warbling to which she is wont to treat her audience at fitting intervals. But this is, of course, merely a detail and is only mentioned for the purpose of letting the lady know what we heard today amongst "the madding throng." We have given Miss Mackay the "front seat" in our notice, but that is no reflection on the other ladies of the Company who very ably supported her. Miss L. Mowbray alone resplendent as Lady Virginia Forest, and did full justice to every item in a long and difficult part. Miss Hamilton, as Lady Grey, was letter-perfect, but her accent was by no means pleasing although her assumed dignity and acting were throughout faultless. Of the other parts, the social distinction between the Messrs Williams and Messrs. Howarth, Booth, Irwin, Thurman and Ryder, as Gaiety Girls, was admirably and very amusingly sustained throughout. Miss Howarth's part was a particularly difficult one, for not only has she at times to act the part of a flirt, but there are moments when she has to assume the air of one who is the victim of heartless conspirators. She was, however, equal to every emergency and sang and acted throughout in a manner that brought forth from the audience vociferous and of repeated applause. This lady is gifted with histrionic ability such is not often witnessed in this part of the world, and granted a fair field for the development of her talents she should develop into a bright and shining "star" in the theatrical world. Mr. Schubert (Charles Goldfield) deserves special mention for the excellent rendition of several songs, while his acting throughout was distinctly satisfactory. He would, however, do well to dispense with the "chirrup" it may be a *la milliere* but it doesn't improve his appearance, which is more or less prepossessing, one of a little. Mr. Courtney did "the Judge" inimitably style, while Mr. Lewis as Major Barclay, and Harry Hall as the designing papa and all-round clerical humbug and prodigal are evidently towers of strength to the Willard troupe—by the way, which is superior in every way to any Operatic Company that has ever visited Hongkong. We confidently predict a successful season for the Willards and feel assured that, if last night's standard of excellence is maintained, they will leave here with a reputation that will stand them in good stead in all parts of the Far East.

For tonight's "Topsy" is billed, and on Tuesday's *Le Boccaccio*, we are assured, is to be produced in a manner that will surprise not a few of those who take time for the forelock and book their seats before it is too late.

#### THE SITUATION IN THE NORTH.

The *Peking and Tientsin Times* of the 4th instant, under the above heading, makes the following trenchant observations:—

While the Japanese, in accordance with Chinese reports, have taken Keelung and are busily engaged in securing their "remaining" conquest, the Russian diplomats are spinning a web of intrigue at the court of the Son of Heaven. Their intrigues, *ad hominem*, are kept extremely secret, but now and then rumours of financial projects reach the outer world. Russia is, however, not so much aiming at a commercial as a territorial expansion.

With her seventeen powerfully-armed ships of war and fourteen torpedo-boats she holds at present a strong position in Eastern waters. About 30 years ago Vladivostok was founded at the head of Peter the Great Bay. It was formerly only visited by a few Manchurian fishermen, but has now become a support strongly fortified and calculated to be of great importance in the event of war. The new floating docks admit of the largest vessels being laid up for repairs. The harbour is a magnificent one, capable of affording safe anchorage for the united navies of the world. Vladivostok is of great importance to the Russians, being their chief naval station for the Pacific. The neighbouring country is rich and fertile. Round Blagovestchensk the country is covered with grain. Here the wide Sea river is passed. From this point the Amur river rushes through the Chinese mountains covered with the most beautiful forest vegetation. At Khabarovka the Missouri river joins the Amur. The Missouri valley is rather well populated and so fertile that when the river has been regulated it will become one of the richest districts of Russia. The surrounding mountains abound in minerals. The country near Vladivostok is mountainous, grand and beautiful.

Although it is being closed in by the ice, generally from the middle of December to the beginning of April, Vladivostok has not attained much importance as a commercial emporium. To find a free access to the Pacific all the year round, shorten the distance of the Siberian Railway, and establish a naval and mercantile supremacy on the Pacific, such are the aims of the hitherto partly frozen-in Russia bear.

#### AN EQUINE MARVEL.

CARBINE, HIS PEDIGREE AND BRILLIANT CAREER.

The following is the brilliant record and pedigree of the Australian race-horse Carbine recently purchased by and delivered to the Duke of Portland.

Although it is not given to every lover of the Turf to be able to grasp all the subtle mysteries of the science of breeding thoroughbred blood stock, or to glightly discourse on the fascinating subject of the principal strains, crosses, and taproots of the Stud Book, it does not require a specially extensive knowledge of the annals of the English Turf to gather, on glancing at the

pedigree tabulated above, that the animal to whose origin it refers springs from some of the most famous members of the equine race.

As we all know, there is no golden rule in breeding, and the highest-bred horses do not invariably prove to be the best; but it may be asserted, without fear of contradiction, that in the present instance the high-bred progeny of Musket and Mersey, has proved in every way a worthy descendant of illustrious ancestors.

What Ormonde at his zenith was to racegoers of eight years back, what Blair Athol in his prime was to the racing world of thirty years ago, what West Australian, the Flying Dutchman, and other equine champions of their respective days were to the sportsmen of their time—right back to the days when O'Kelly's incomparable chestnut colt continuously justified his owner's eulogiums. "Carbine" first, and then Musket and Mersey, has proved in every way a worthy descendant of illustrious ancestors.

A bay, with star and streak of white, a small white patch on his off fore leg, and a white near hind shank, Carbine was foaled at Sylvia Park in New Zealand at the latter end of 1885. As a yearling he was sold to Mr. Dan O'Brien for 620 guineas. At two years of age his appearances were confined to races on his native land, where he won the only five events for which he competed, at distances of five and six furlongs. Having an engagement in the Victorian Derby, run at Flemington in November 1888 he was shipped from New Zealand to Melbourne; in respect of which journey it may be incidentally mentioned that he had such a rough passage on his first experience of the sea, that after afterwards, when he had to make a sea voyage, he used to take the precaution of lying down immediately he got to his quarters on board, remaining in that position as long as he possibly could.

His first appearance on an Australian race-course was a sensational one. He started favourite for the Victorian Derby at 7 to 4, and had to all appearances settled his fate a full distance from home, but his jockey, taking matters too easily, let him slow down, and the horse was sent along, especially if he happened to be winning easily—with the result that Hates on White's Ensign caught the jockey napping, and, riding a most determined flinch, got up in the last stride and won by a short head. This was in the year that Mentor won the Melbourne Cup for Mr. Donald S. Wallace, a prominent Victorian sportsman. So much impressed was the owner of Mentor with the appearance and performance of Carbine (who won two races at the meeting subsequently to his fluky defeat in the Derby) that of the Cup, he decided to make the best of his purchase, and he made the best of the New Zealand-bred three-year-old son of Musket and Mersey.

Carbine very soon gave practical proof to his new owner that his merits had not been over-estimated. In the course of the following March and April the colt ran ten races, of which he won seven, including the Sydney Cup, a two-mile handicap in which as a three-year-old he carried 9 lb. He also ran second twice, and was once third. In none of these three races was he beaten so much as a length from the winner. At the V.R.C. spring meeting in the following year he gave a sterling performance in the Melbourne Cup, with not on his four-year-old back, ran second—beaten a length—to Bravo, a good horse, to whom he was conceding more than a stone. He finished up the season with a winning sequence of seven races, including the Sydney Cup—for the second year in succession—his time carrying 9 lb.

But it was the following season that was to see him develop into the Carbine that the Australians adore, in which he was to earn his undying reputation beneath the Southern Cross. He early gave evidence that the form he had displayed at the end of his four-year-old career was going to be maintained at five years of age, and it was this that caused such a run on him, as soon as bidding of any kind opened on the Melbourne Cup, as quite early in the waning of the season he established him one of the hottest and firmest favourites ever known in the history of the race. "Old Jack," as he was nicknamed, was never in such fettle, and the most glowing eulogies in his condition circulated far and wide through the length and breadth of Australia.

Despite the crushing weight of 10 st 12 lb which the handicapper had apportioned him, money came pouring in on the book-makers for his support. High and low, rich and poor, one with another, all talked of the coming Cup, and all swore allegiance to Carbine.

At last the day of the race arrived. Never was there such a crowd seen on a Flemington race-course. Never had the crowd been so enthusiastic. Never had such an enthusiastic crowd been so eminently of one mind. It was—Carbine, Carbine, nothing but Carbine. It is not interesting to know that the interval between the time of coming on to the course and being saddled for the race, the particular quadruped on whom the hopes of so many holiday-makers were that day centred, while waiting about in the paddock, followed his usual practice of going to sleep. Even while being saddled, and the centre of an admiring throng, he had to be admonished to "stand away, Jack," by his groom. All in all, he was a most extraordinarily indolent horse to be at all times.

At last, all being ready, he and the other competitors filed out on to the course. For a description of the scene which subsequently occurred we cannot do better than quote the following stirring extract from the *Australian*:—"There were some searchings of heart about Carbine as the mile and a half and a half past were passed, and the sporting critics, with their glasses always on the field, made no mention of his name. Whimbrell and Gilling, Chalden and Knoc, were all in turn called out as at the head of affairs. 'Where's Carbine?' 'Where's Carbine?' shouted eager backers in all directions. It was only when the turn for home was reached that every one knew where Carbine was."

"He shot through his field like a thunderbolt; then, he closed in on the rail; he placed himself as the pilot fish before the shark, clearing away from all his pursuers. All in all, he was a Gallop! He and Knoc were all in a trice at the head of affairs. Gallantly but ineffectually do Highborn, Conter, Melos, and Collin's struggle on. With quick, nervous grip of his knees and rhythmic swing of his body, young Ramo lifts the favourite along, and lands him an easy winner, with more than two lengths of daylight between him and the next competitor. "And then the thunder of applause breaks out from the clouds of humanity which have settled down on the flat roars back again to the stand and lawn. Hats go flying through the air like leaves before a September gale. Men leap and shout, and women by the hundred scream with delight. Up in the wake of the horses flow the people like floodwaves across a barrier, all shouting, all cheering, all winners and losers alike—all in jubilation and exultation over the great victory over known to the Australian Turf!"

Undoubtedly a scene to be long remembered by any one who had the good fortune to be present, when the best horse that Australia has ever produced won from the largest field that ever competed the most valuable Melbourne Cup ever run, in the shortest time ever recorded.

To Highborn, who was second, Carbine gave 4 st 11 lb—a truly marvellous performance, when it is taken into consideration what sort of a horse Highborn afterwards proved himself to be.

Seven times more in this season did Carbine go to the post, and only once was he defeated. This was no doubt due entirely to his indolence. He was running a mile race against a single opponent, whom he would never leave, and was in consequence never forced to speed in a short dash at the finish. Next day, however, over a distance of two miles he turned the tables on his conqueror in a most decisive manner.

Considering that he was never able to be thoroughly trained after his great Melbourne Cup victory, owing to splitting his foot when pulling up, his record of ten wins out of eleven races in his last season is an altogether exceptional one. As a matter of fact, he won seventeen out of his last eighteen races. Altogether he ran forty-three times, at all sorts of distances from six furlongs to three miles. He met all comers, and was never withdrawn from any race for fear of encountering a champion; on the contrary, his owner always flew at the highest game. He won thirty-three times, was second in six races, three times ran third, and was only once unplaced in the whole course of his career, when he pulled up lame. Truly an animal of whom any owner might well be proud!

It is a source of supreme satisfaction to all who have the best interest of the English Turf at heart to know that this equine wonder of the Southern seas has come into the possession of the Duke of Portland. With the magnificent collection of horses that his Grace has at Woburn, Carbine will have every opportunity afforded him of making as great a name for himself at the stud in England as he has done by his brave deeds on the racecourse in Australia; and it is needless to say that his arrival in this country will be awaited with the keenest interest. Every lover of the Turf will be wishing the Duke of Portland success with his new purchase, for his Grace's action has been that of a real sportsman.

In conclusion, I am sure that I may say that among those who are able to appreciate the spirit and action with which a man regards a real good horse that has for some time been his property—glad as we all are to see the stout blood of old Mu ket once more brought back to this country in the reins of his greatest sportman—there will be sympathy for a good sportsman who, by a reverse of fortune, has been compelled to part with the old favourite that has done him such yeoman service. What Mr. Donald Wallace's feeling on the subject must be can be gauged by the fact that, when after his horse's grand Cup victory he was offered twenty thousand guineas for him, he would not sell him for export to America, but emphatically replied, "I would not part with Carbine for any money in the world." "John Trew-Hay" in *Illustrated Sporting News*.

#### THE INKPOD INCIDENT.

The writer of the "Entre Nous" notes in the *Shanghai Mercury* on the 11th instant, makes the following references to the memorable "Inkpod Incident":—

Hongkong, most official of colonies, has recently been visited by one of her usual teapots to-go, yodas! Such running and bawling of human ass, such wailing of letters and clamorous of tongues! And why? Because, forsooth, the Chairman of the Executive Committee which was to overcome the plague last year (and didn't) has been presented, in recognition of the services, with a Ripon silver inkstand. Which, it seems, is a ludicrously inadequate return for the work done.

There is no doubt that if a C.M.G. is a nobler reward than an inkstand, as Francis has been given, the Superintendent, after all, only doing his duty. But to some minds, and possibly to that of the noble Marquis of Ripon, the inkstand may be the more honourable crown of merit. Who shall decide in such a matter? These things are only questions of degree and temperament. For poor Tommy Atkins, kicking his humble life at a miserable wage, doing the dirty work about which others talk and write, a silver medal is considered a fitting solatium; and this he would have been glad enough to accept (if only for the promise of a better lot) in his betwixt had ever got further than the promising stage. Next, the Captain Superintendent is made companion of Michael and George for his services—very pleasant, probably, for these two deceased gentlemen, but surely no promotion for Mr. May after being a Companion of the executive committee. And finally, Mr. Francis gets an inkstand—something tangible, marketable, an heirloom *in posse*, and asset *in esse*; something that entails no expense in living up to, as might a C.M.G., and a gentle hint to both that after all the *pos* is superior to the *esse*.

Perhaps, however, Mr. Francis would rather be told to 'go to pot' than have the pot sent to him—also, his position is intelligible. In any case, the precedent set by the Government's action is a bad one; for if in future it is going to give presents assessed by the value of services rendered it will require a Board of Assessors, a microscope, and many other things. We shall read of Mr. Jones receiving a gift to-day, and Mr. Brown a dozen of tea to-morrow. And nobody will be a whit the happier either, for it is the part of the human comedy that every child would rather have the other child's toy than his own.

#### SHIPPING AND MAIL NEWS.

##### MAILS DUE:

Indian (*Calcutta Express*) 20th inst.  
American (*City of Peking*) 21st inst.  
Canadian (*Empress of India*) 23rd inst.  
American (*Empress*) 23rd inst.  
Australian (*Mentmore*) 23rd inst.  
Tasmania (*Victoria*) 23rd inst.

THE P. M. S. S. Co.'s steamer *City of Peking* with mails, &c., from San Francisco to the 23rd inst., via Hongkong and Yokohama, has arrived at Nagasaki, and left for this port at 8 p.m. yesterday.

THE P. M. S. S. Co.'s steamer *China*, with mails, &c., from San Francisco to the 4th inst., has arrived at Yokohama, and will leave for this port, via Nagasaki, on the 20th inst.

We are informed by the agents (Messrs. Dodwell, Carhill & Co.) that the "Mogul" Line steamer *Avon*, from Liverpool, &c., left Singapore yesterday forenoon for this port.

THE agents (Messrs. Dodwell, Carhill & Co.) inform us that the "Mogul" Line steamer *Parkway* left Singapore for this port to-day, and is due here on or about the 24th inst.

We are informed by the agents (Messrs. Dodwell, Carhill & Co.) that the "Shire" Line steamer *Radnor* left Singapore yesterday for this port and is due here on or about the 24th inst.

#### Intimations.

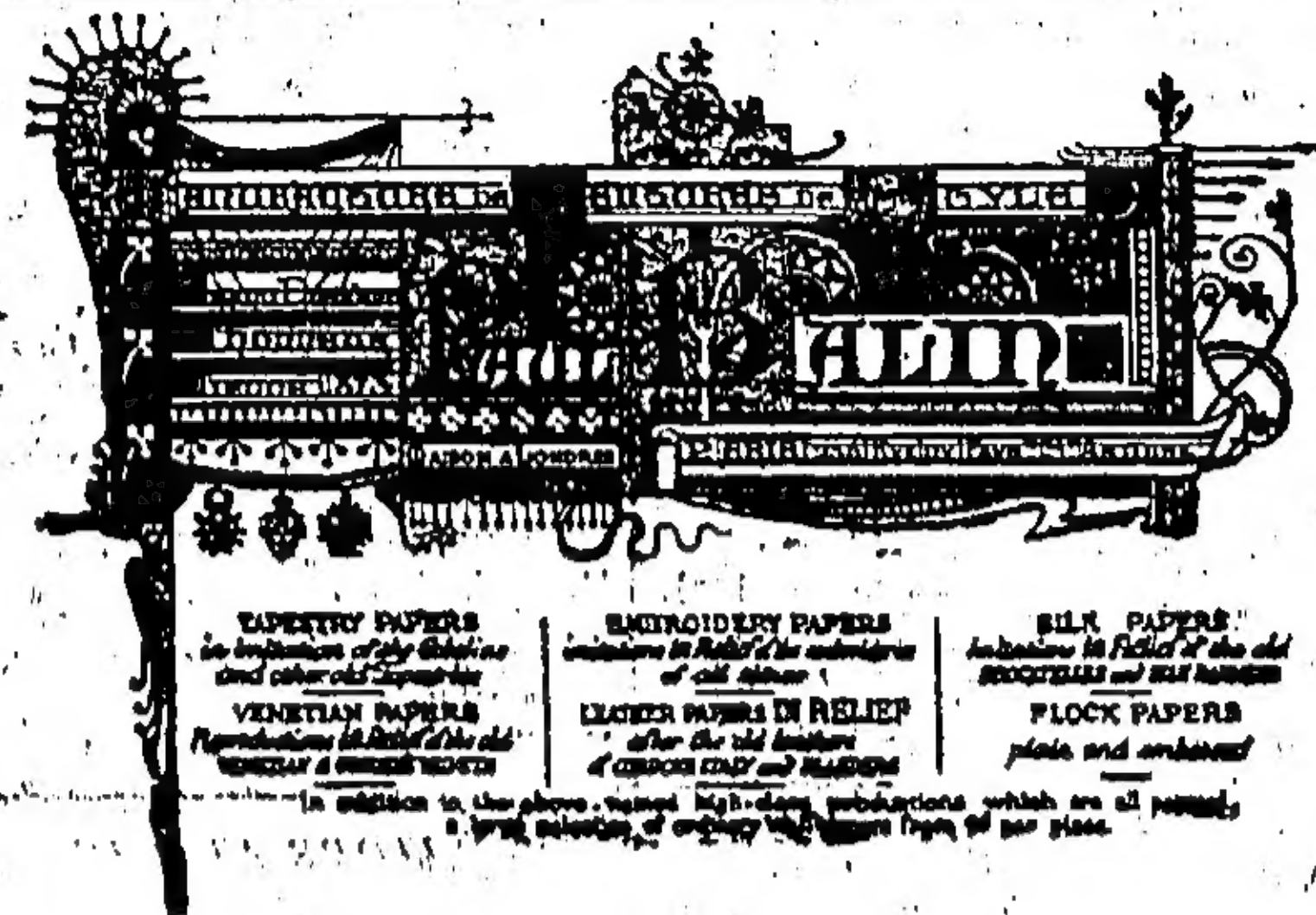
### SYRUPS FROM SOUND RIPE FRUIT.

MULBERRY. LEMON. RASPBERRY.  
STRAWBERRY. PEACH. BLACKBERRY.  
GOOSEBERRY. BANANA. PINEAPPLE.  
LIME FRUIT JUICE. LIME TABLETS. LIME FRUIT CORDIAL.  
EVERTON TOFFEE. LEMON TABLETS.

#### CHAMPAGNE BITTERS AND BOVRIL.

WATKINS & CO.,

APOTHECARIES' HALL, 66, Queen's Road Central, Hongkong.



Apply to JOHN D. HUTCHISON, Esq., Hongkong, Agents for M. OPPENHEIMER & Co., Paris.

#### Hotels.

##### WINDSOR HOTEL, HONGKONG.

THIS ESTABLISHMENT, situated in the elegant Building known as "CONNAUGHT HOUSE," offers First-class Accommodation to Residents and Travellers. Passenger Elevator, from Entrance Hall to each Floor, in charge of experienced Attendant. Favourable Arrangements made for Families and for Monthly or Extended Periods.

P. BOHM, Proprietor & Manager.  
Hongkong, 3rd April, 1895. [430]

##### BAY VIEW HOTEL.

THE "RAMSGATE" OF HONGKONG, (On Shaw-ki-wan Road).

THE POPULAR SUMMER RESORT, and TERMINUS of the only pleasant DRIVE to be had on the Island. "BAY VIEW" occupies the best situation on the Shaw-ki-wan Road, commands an excellent view of the Harbour, and is always open to the cool breezes from the Southward. Steam-launches can at any time come alongside the jetty adjoining the spacious lawn.

To the other attractions of this popular resort BATHING PAVILIONS have been added, and a LAUNCH runs from the NEW PADDERS WHARF to BAY VIEW every half-hour after 5 p.m. daily. Private Dinners or Tiffins prepared in First-class style on the shortest notice, and Meals can be served at all hours.  
Hongkong, 13th August, 1894. [723]

##### THOMAS' GRILL ROOMS, No. 2, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL.

I AM happy to inform my PATRONS that in connection with the GRILL ROOM, I have secured the 1ST FLOOR recently occupied by the CHINA FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY (above the present Grill Room) and have fitted it up for

LADIES' DINING ROOMS, with all conveniences attached. I am also now prepared to serve DINNERS, TIFINS and SUPPERS to Parties when Ordered distant from the ordinary GRILL ROOM.

DAILY NEWSPAPERS and PERIODICALS, Hongkong, 30th April, 1895. [581]

##### PEAK HOTEL.

OPEN ALL THE YEAR ROUND.

THIS commodious and well appointed HOTEL, situated at a height of 1,250 feet above sea-level, has just been thoroughly re-decorated, renovated and re-furnished, and a NEW WING has been built, which commands magnificent Views of the Harbour and mainland of China.

SPECIAL SUMMER RATES, (FROM APRIL 1ST TO OCTOBER 31ST).  
One person, per day, ..... \$ 4.00  
One person, per month ..... 90.00  
Married couple (occupying one room) per day ..... 7.00  
Married couple (occupying one room) per month ..... 150.00  
Married couple (occupying two rooms) per month ..... 170.00  
For further particulars, apply to THE MANAGER, New Victoria Hotel, Hongkong, 16th March, 1895. [168]

##### FUJITA HOTEL, MIYANOSHITA, YOKOHAMA.

Four and a half hours from Yokohama.

FIRST-CLASS ACCOMMODATION, NATURAL HOT SPRINGS.

THE ELECTRIC LIGHT IN ALL THE BUILDINGS.

TWO ENGLISH BILLIARD TABLES.

EXCELLENT CUISINE.

SPECIAL RATES MADE FOR A PROLONGED STAY.

S. N. YAMAGUCHI, Proprietor.

Hongkong, 30th April, 1895. [168]

##### NOTICE.

THE Undersigned has been Appointed SOLE AGENT for WOOD & Co.'s well known "COW BRAND" AUSTRALIAN TABLE BUTTER, in 1 lb. Tins. Fresh Stocks always on hand. Special Terms to the Trade.  
GEO. P. LAMBERT, Duddell Street.  
Hongkong, 30th April, 1895. [168]

#### For Sale.

##### THE FREDERICKSBURG BREWERY CO.'S LIGHT PALE ALE.

Unsurpassed in quality and highly recommended by persons of refined taste.

Makes a delicious and comforting drink during Summer Months.

H. E. BOTTLEWALLA, SOLE AGENT, No. 2, D'Aguiar Street, Hongkong, 5th March, 1895. [107]

#### FOR SALE.

##### JAPAN HAND-MADE PAPERS.

##### JAPAN PRINTING PAPERS.

##### JAPAN COPYING PAPERS.

##### JAPAN WALL PAPERS.

Prices very moderate.

Orders respectfully solicited by the Under-signed.

ITSUI BUSSAN KAISHA, 8, Queen's Road Central, Hongkong, 2nd January, 1895. [168]

#### To be Let.

##### TO LET.

DWELLING HOUSES, "HIGHCLERE," 5 Rooms, Bungalow, in MAGAZINE GAP, HOUSES IN RIVON TERRACE, ONE FLOOR IN ELITE BUILDINGS.

OFFICES: FIRST FLOOR, No. 7, PRAYA CENTRAL, at present occupied by Messrs. HOLLAND, Wynn & Co.

Apply to THE HONGKONG LAND INVESTMENT & AGENCY CO., Ltd.

Hongkong, 17th June, 1895. [17]

##### TO LET.

THE eight roomed HOUSE, No. 27, CAINE ROAD, occupation from FIRST SEPTEMBER.

Apply to NO. 9, SEYMOUR TERRACE, HONGKONG, 1st June, 1895. [728]



